

Law n°2014/28 of 23 December 2014 of the suppression of Acts of Terrorism.

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CHAPTER 1

SECTION 1 — Purpose and Scope

(1)This law relates to the suppression of acts of terrorism.

(2) The provisions of the Penal Code, The Criminal Procedure Code and the Military Justice Code that are not repugnant to this law shall remain applicable.

(3) The offences provided for in this law shall fall exclusively under the jurisdiction of military tribunals.

CHAPTER 2 — Offences and Penalties

SECTION 2 — Acts of terrorism

(1) Whoever, acting alone, as an accomplice or an accessory, commits or threatens to commit an act likely to cause death, endanger physical integrity, cause bodily injury or material damage, destroy natural resources, the environment or cultural heritage with intent to :

(a) intimidate the public, provoke a situation of terror or force the victim, the government and/or a national or international organization to carry out or refrain from carrying out an act, adopt or renounce a particular position;

(b) disrupt the normal functioning of public

services, the delivery of essential services to PUBLIQUE DU CAMEROUN 26 décembre 2014

Law No. 2014/28 of 23 December 2014

of the suppression of Acts of

Terrorism

The Parliament deliberated and adopted,
the President of the Republic hereby enacts
the law set out below:

CHAPTER 1 — General Provisions (1)This law relates to the suppression of acts of terrorism. (2) The provisions of the Penal Code, The Criminal Procedure Code and the Military Justice Code that are not repugnant to this law shall remain applicable. (3) The

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SECTION 3 — Financing of acts of terrorism

(1) Whoever directly or indirectly:
(a) provides and/or collects funds;
(b) provides or offers financial services
With the aim of financing acts of terrorism,
and by whatever means, shall be punished
with the death penalty.
(2) The offence referred to in Section 3 (1)

above shall be deemed to have been perpetrated even where the funds, the material means and/or financial services have not effectively been used to commit the offence.

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(3) The financing of terrorism shall be deemed to have been perpetrated even where the goods are collected and the services are offered on the territory of another State.

SECTION 4 — Laundering of proceeds of terrorism

Whoever:

- (a) Procures, receives, keeps, converts, transfers, dissimilates or disguises goods that are proceeds of acts of terrorism;
 - (b) partakes in the use or sharing, even occasionally, of proceeds of acts of terrorism;
- Shall be punished with the death penalty.

SECTION 5 — Recruitment and training

(1) Whoever recruits and/or trains people to participate in acts of terrorism, regardless of where they are committed, shall be punished with the death penalty.

(2) The penalty provided for in Sub-section (1) above shall be applied to whoever:

- (a) offers or promises gifts, presents or any kind of benefit to another with the intention of getting the latter to be part of a group that has been established or a deal reached to commit acts of terrorism;
- (b) threatens or pressurizes another to be

TITLE 0 — a group that has been established or a deal reached to commit acts of terrorism. (3) Whoever deliberately joins or undergoes training in a terrorist group abroad with intent to commit acts of terrorism within the country, shall be punished with imprisonment of from ten (10) to twenty (20) years. (4) in the cases provided for in Sub-section (2) above, the offence shall be deemed to have been committed even where urgingUBLIQUE DU CAMEROUN 26 décembre 2014 (3) The financing of terrorism shall be deemed to have been perpetrated even where the goods are collected and the services are offered on the territory of another State. **rism Whoever: (a) Procures, receives, keeps, converts, transfers, dissimilates or disguises goods that are proceeds of acts of terrorism; (b) partakes in the use or sharing, even occasionally, of proceeds of acts of terrorism; Shall be punished with the death penalty. (1) Whoever recruits and/or trains people to participate in acts of terrorism, regardless of where they are committed, shall be punished with the death penalty. (2) The penalty provided for in Sub-section (1) above shall be applied to whoever: (a) offers or promises gifts, presents or any kind of**

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SECTION 6 — Criminal liability of corporate

bodies

(1) For the purposes of this law, a corporate body may be held criminally liable

(2) Where the corporate body is responsible for the offences referred to Section 2, 3, 4 and 5 here above, the penalty shall be a fine of at least CFAF fifty million (50,000,000).

SECTION 7 — Interruption of the offence or its effects

(1)Whoever, being the principal offender or an accomplice of an act, of terrorism, help to stop the offence from being committed, shall be punished with imprisonment of from ten (10) to twenty (20) years.

(2) The penalty provided for in Sub-section (1) above shall apply to whoever, being the principal offender or an accomplice of an act of terrorism, help to prevent the offence from causing death, injury or material damage.

SECTION 8 — Acclamation of acts of terrorism

(1) Whoever publicly acclaims acts of terrorism shall be punished with imprisonment of from fifteen (15) to twenty (20) years or a fine of from CFAF twenty-five million (25,000,000) to fifty million (50,000,000) or both such imprisonment and fine.

(2) The offence shall be considered as such acclamation is made through the media, tracts means intended to reach the public.

SECTION 9 — False statements or defamatory

reports

Whoever makes a false statement or defamatory report to an administrative or a judicialTHE REPUBLIC OF CAMEROON 136 someone to be part of the group or deal failed to materialize.

SECTION 10 — Witness protection

For the purposes of this law, whoever assaults or threatens a witness, even implicitly, with violence, battery or death shall be punished with life imprisonment.

CHAPTER 3 — Special Provisions

SECTION 11 — Remand in custody

For the purposes of this law, the duration of remand in custody shall be fifteen (15) days, renewable upon the authorization of the State prosecutor.

SECTION 12 — Referral before the competent court

For the purposes of this law, matters shall be referred to the military tribunal by a direct order to be placed on trial issued by the competent State Prosecutor.

SECTION 13 — Mitigating circumstances

For the purposes of this law and in the event of acceptance of mitigating circumstances:

1. the imprisonment term may not be less than ten (10) years;
2. the fine may not be less than CFAF twenty million (20,000,000);
3. in any case, no suspended sentence may be given.

SECTION 14 — Ancillary penalties

In the cases provided for in Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 above, the competent court shall, in case of conviction, additionally pronounce the secondary penalties provided for under

SECTION 19 — of the Penal Code

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SECTION 15 — Indefeasibility of court action and penalties.

For the purposes of this law, action by the legal Department and penalties pronounced by competent courts shall not be time-barred.

SECTION 16 — Waivers

Prosecution shall be waived for any natural or legal person who, after agreeing with another person to commit an act of terrorism, and before the commencement of execution:

1. reports it to a public official (administrative, judicial or military) ;
2. uses all means to help stop the commission of the offence ;
3. helps to identify his/her co-offenders or accomplices.

CHAPTER 4 — Final Provision

SECTION 17 — This law shall be registered,

published according to the procedure of urgency and inserted in the Official Gazette in English and French.

Yaounde, 23 December 2014.

Paul Biya,
President of the Republic.

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